

**INDIAN STATISTICAL INSTITUTE**  
**CHENNAI CENTRE**  
**M.STAT First Year**  
**2015-16 Semester I**

Analysis I  
Final Examination

Total Marks 60.

Duration: 3 hours

**Answer any 10 questions. All questions carry equal marks.**

1. Let  $\{f_n\}$  be a sequence of non-decreasing functions defined from  $[0, 1]$  to  $[0, 1]$ . Suppose that  $f_n(x)$  converges to  $f(x)$  pointwise on  $[0, 1]$ , where  $f$  is a continuous function. Does  $f_n$  converge uniformly to  $f$  on  $[0, 1]$ ? Justify your answer.
2. Let  $f$  and  $g$  be increasing real valued functions defined over  $[a, b] \subset \mathbb{R}$ , and  $g$  be continuous on  $[a, b]$ . Show that there exists  $c \in [a, b]$  such that

$$\int_a^b f dg = f(a) \int_a^c dg + f(b) \int_c^b dg.$$

3. Let  $f$  be a continuous non-negative function defined over  $[a, b]$ , and

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = 0.$$

Prove that  $f(x) = 0$  for all  $x \in [a, b]$ .

4. Sketch the curve of the function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 + 1$ .
5. Let  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function, with  $f(0) = f(1) = 0$ . Suppose that  $f''$  exists on  $(0, 1)$ , with  $f'' + 2f' + f \geq 0$ . Show that  $f(x) \leq 0$ , for all  $x \in [0, 1]$ .
6. Let  $X$  be a metric space and  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function. Let  $A = \{x \in X : f(x) = 4\}$ . Is  $A$  closed / open / both / neither? Justify your answers.
7. Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $|f(x) - f(y)| \leq \lambda|x - y|$  for all  $x, y$ , and for some real  $\lambda < 1$ . Let  $\{a_n\}$  be a sequence of real numbers as follows:  $a_1 \in \mathbb{R}$ , and  $a_{n+1} = f(a_n)$ . Show that this is a convergent sequence and its limit is a fixed point of  $f$ .
8. Let  $X$  be a countable set. For each  $n \geq 1$ , let  $A_n$  be the set of all functions from  $X$  to  $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ . Is  $\bigcup_{n \geq 1} A_n$  countable? Justify your answer.
9. Does  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (1/n) \cos(4n)$  converge? Justify your answer.
10. Let  $A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots$  be subsets of a metric space.

(a) If  $B_n = \bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i$ , then show that  $\overline{B_n} = \bigcup_{i=1}^n \overline{A_i}$ ,  $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

(b) If  $B = \bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i$ , then show that  $\overline{B} \supseteq \bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} \overline{A_i}$ . Can this inclusion be proper? Justify your answer.

11. Prove or disprove the following statement: Every closed subset of  $\mathbb{R}$  is the intersection of a countable collection of open sets.
12. Let  $(X, d)$  be a metric space. If  $A$  is a connected subset of  $X$  and  $A \subset B \subset \bar{A}$ , then show that  $B$  is also connected.